

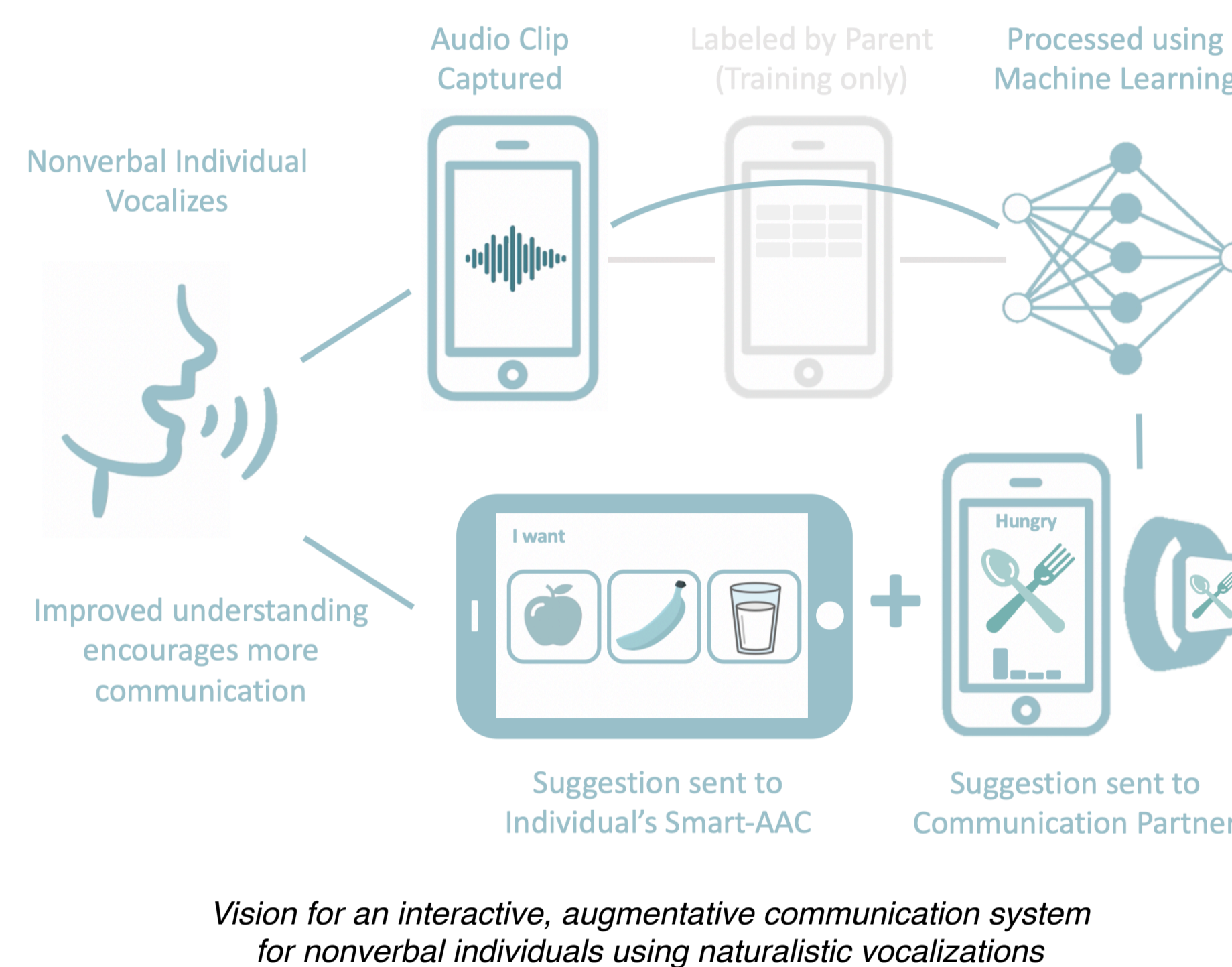
# Nonverbal Vocalizations as Speech: Characterizing Natural-Environment Audio from Nonverbal Individuals with Autism

Jaya Narain\* & Kristina Johnson\*, Amanda O'Brien, Peter Wofford, Pattie Maes, Rosalind Picard (\*Joint first-authors)  
 Massachusetts Institute of Technology, {jnarain, ktj, amobrien, peterwof}@mit.edu, {pattie, picard}@media.mit.edu

## Background

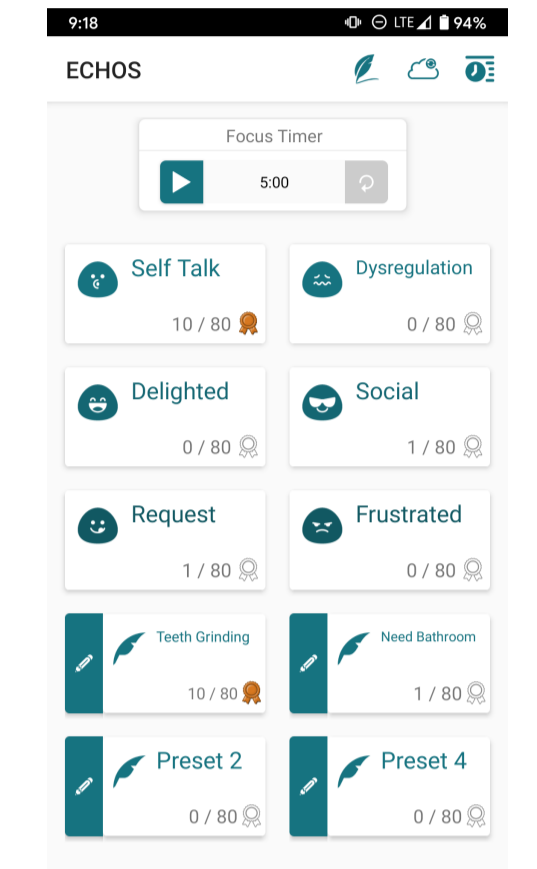
- In the United States alone, **over 1 million people are non- or minimally verbal** (nv/mv), meaning they use zero or fewer than 20 words or word approximations
- Through **non-speech vocalizations**, nv/mv individuals express rich affective and communicative information for a range of functions (e.g., protesting, requesting, affection)
- These vocalizations are **highly idiosyncratic** to the speaker, making interpretation of these utterances challenging for unfamiliar listeners.
- This work is the **first systematic study** on the organic production, meaning, and usage of these sounds

## Project Vision



## Objectives and Methods

- Categorization of nonverbal vocalizations through interviews**
  - Conducted interviews with families of nv/mv individuals regarding communication generally and vocal communication, specifically
  - The nv/mv individuals were all male and had autism spectrum disorder (ASD)
  - Ages: 8 (P0), 19 (P1), and 23 (P2) years old
  - P0 also has a rare genetic disorder; P1 also has Down Syndrome
- Acquisition and analysis of natural-environment audio recordings with real-time labels.**
  - Developed protocol using wearable microphone to comfortably record audio in natural environments
  - Created custom app for primary caregivers to label sounds in real time



Custom app for "live labeling" by parents



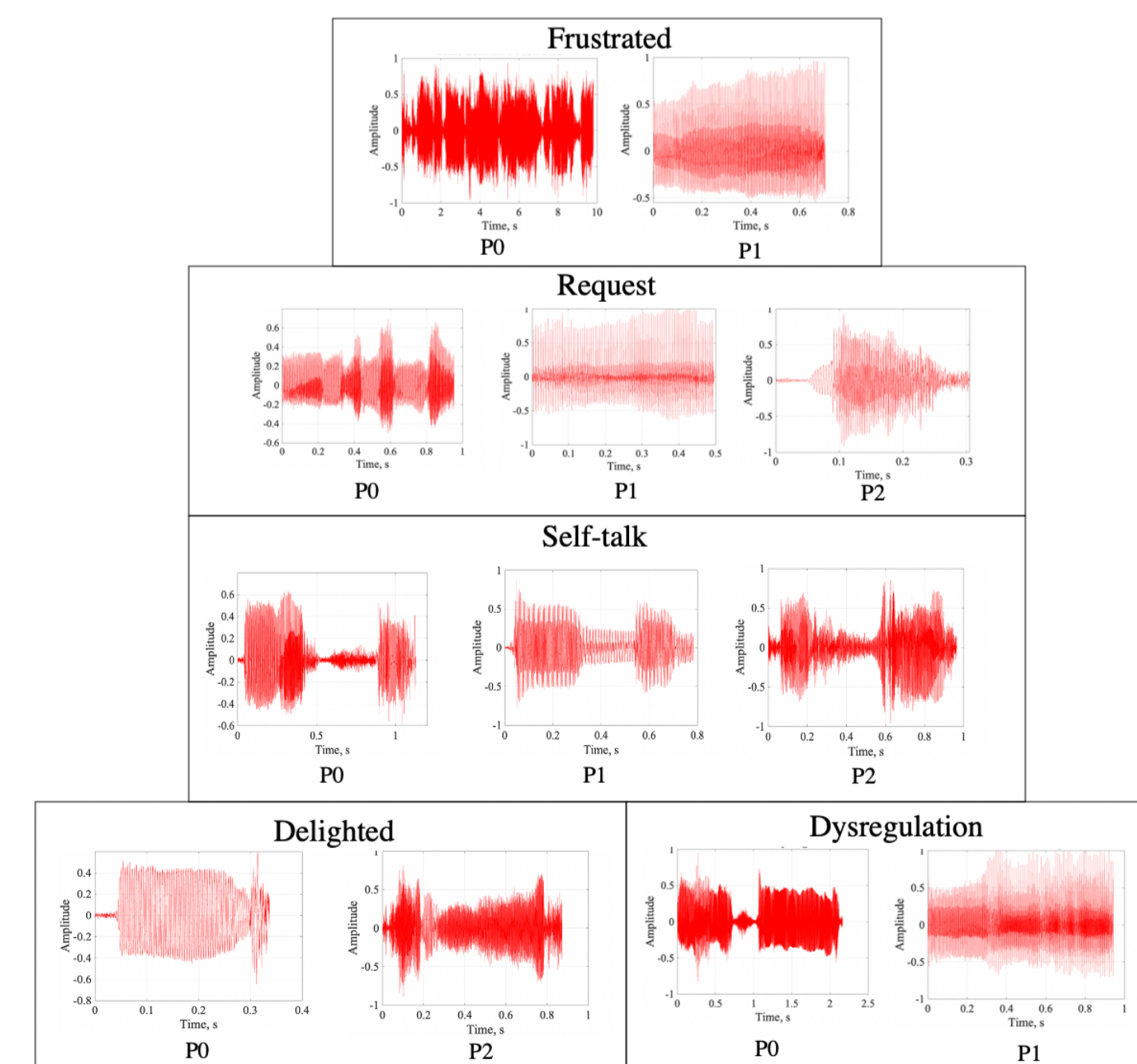
Parent using labeling app at home

## Results

Vocalization Category	Vocalization Interpretation	P0	P1	P2
Self-talk	Self-talk	X	X	X
Dysregulation	Dysregulation	X		X
Frustration	Frustration	X	X	X
	Impatient		X	
	Protest	X		
	Upset		X	
Delight	Glee	X		X
	Happy		X	
	Affection		X	
Request	Excited		X	
	General request	X		X
	Request for a person		X	X
	Request for a high five			X
Social exchange	Request for the bathroom		X	
	Social (general)	X		X
	"Fun participation"		X	
Other	Greeting			X
	Teeth grinding	X	X	
	Singing		X	
	Laughing	X	X	

Family-reported uses of nonverbal vocalizations. The reported presence of a given vocalization type in an individual's non-speech repertoire is indicated by an "X."

- Families reported a **range of nonverbal vocalizations** including
  - Word approximations** used for more general purposes (e.g., "ba" for a social interaction)
  - Consonant-vowel syllables** (e.g., "ma" used for multiple functions)
  - Vocalizations **without phonetic cues** (e.g., laughter)
  - Sounds** that were often associated with an **affective state** (e.g., teeth grinding related to dysregulation).
- Distinct vocalization characteristics** are observable
  - Distinctions relate to individual's **emotional or physical state** and **communicative intent**
  - Variations related to **pitch, duration** and other **acoustic features**



Sample time-domain waveforms of vocalizations in five labeled categories from the three participants (P0, P1, and P2)

## Conclusions

- Distinct vocalization characteristics** relate to individual's **emotional or physical state** and **communicative intent**
- High within-label variation** due to natural environments
- Opportunity exists to **enhance communicative and affective exchanges** between nv/mv individuals and others
  - We are currently **expanding our data collection** to include more participants
  - We hope to assess the **universal and/or idiosyncratic nature of nonverbal vocalizations** independent of typical speech
  - Dataset will be used to probe scientific questions related to **language and development across ages, genders, and diagnoses**